# **United States Department of the Interior** National Park Service

# **National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet**

Section nu	umber Page				
	SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD				
NR	RIS Reference Number: <u>93001246</u> Date Listed: <u>12/02/93</u>				
	mpson, Dr. Frank T., House Hartford CT operty Name County State				
	A ultiple Name				
no	is property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached mination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, twithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.				
Sig	gnature of the Keeper Date of Action				
An	nended Items in Nomination:				
8. Statement of Significance: Criteria and Consideration(s)  Criteria exception g. is applicable and justified, Criterion A is not.					
DIS	STRIBUTION:  National Register property file  Nominating Authority (without attachment)				

United States Department of the Interior

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

1. NAME OF PROPERTY	* *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ***
Historic Name: <u>Dr. Frank T. Sim</u>	· •
Other Name/Site Number: NA	OCT 2
	NATIC
	REGIS
2. LOCATION	
Street & Number: 27 Keney Terra	nceNot for publication: NA
City/Town: <u>Hartford</u>	Vicinity: NA
State: CT County: Hartford	Code: 003 Zip Code: 06112
3. CLASSIFICATION	
3. CLASSIFICATION  Ownership of Property Private: x  Public-local: Public-State: Public-Federal: Public-Federa	Category of Property  Building(s): x  District:  Site:  Structure:  Object:
Ownership of Property Private: x Public-local: Public-State: Public-Federal: Number of Resources within Prop	Building(s): x  District:  Site:  Structure:  Object:  Derty
Ownership of Property Private:_x_ Public-local: Public-State: Public-Federal: Number of Resources within Prop	Building(s): x  District:  Site:  Structure:  Object:  Noncontributing
Ownership of Property Private: x Public-local: Public-State: Public-Federal: Number of Resources within Prop	Building(s): x  District: Site: Structure: Object:  Perty  Noncontributing buildings sites
Ownership of Property Private:_x Public-local: Public-State: Public-Federal: Number of Resources within Prop	Building(s):_x

# 4. STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION

Signature of Keeper

Date of Action

United States Department of the Interior

Sub: SINGLE DWELLING				
Materials:				
Foundation: BRICK Walls: STUCCO				
Roof: ASPHALT Other Description:				

Describe Present and Historic Physical Appearance.

The Dr. Frank T. Simpson House is a 2-story gable-roofed Tudor Revival stucco structure. Facing north, it was built in 1913, one-half block east of Keney Park, which had been laid out in 1896 and was still in course of construction. Other houses on the street are of similar age and size.

In the front (north) elevation, the gable roof of the front porch to the left balances the roof of the central bay. Both roofs are supported by wooden brackets, and the roof of the bay is half-timbered. At the second floor, the three sections of a tripartite window are glazed in an 8-over-1 pattern, but the width of the upper-sash panes in the central window is wider than in the flanking windows, making the central window itself wider than the others. At the third floor, the recessed gable end is half-timbered around a central 8-over-1 window. (Photographs 1, 2)

The dominant feature of the east side elevation is an arcaded porch with high gable roof. The intersections of this roof with the front porch roof and the roofs of the front and side main gables at the northeast corner of the house is complex. (Photograph 2) There are windows at first and second floors south of the porch and in the internal angle at the southeast corner. The attic gable repeats the front gable. The openings to the side porch have railings in the pattern of a classical cross, seasonal glazed panels, and convex-shaped upper corners. (Photograph 4) The eaves treatment is typical of the house as a whole, with modillion-like course, triangular brackets, and broad roof overhang. (Photograph 5)

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The rear (south) elevation is plain, except for a shed-roofed rear entryway. (Photographs 3, 6) The west side elevation has a central door at grade, paired windows to the rear, a window at mid height to light the stairway, and an external chimney toward the front. The chimney penetrates the roof overhang. The attic gable end repeats the front and east-side gable treatment. (Photographs 1, 6) The one-car detached garage is stucco, like the house, and has a hipped roof. (Photograph 7)

Four concrete risers between brick piers lead to the front door of the side porch. The front door to the house is toward the rear of the porch, opening into the living room. (See Figure 1.)

The living room takes full advantage of the front bay, with bookcases under the window shelf. The trim of the window is dark wood (oak) fashioned in a pattern of three low peaks over the windows. Four small horizontal/vertical wooden decorative features in the trim over the windows define the divisions. The bay is flanked by original double wall sconces. (Photograph 8) The fireplace at the west end of the living room is yellow brick. Its dark wood mantel shelf is supported by large wooden brackets. On the shelf the two small lamps with hipped shades are original. To the left of the fireplace the stair with a heavy picket railing rises to a landing over a paneled dado. A bench in front of the dado suggests an inglenook. (Photograph 9) Overall, the living room owes much to the Arts and Crafts movement. The dining room continues the dark oak trim with the addition of a beamed ceiling. (Photograph 10)

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## 8. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Certifying official has relation to other proper								
Applicable National Register Criteria:	A_x_	B_x_	C <u>x</u>	D				
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions):	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	
Areas of Significance: ARCHITECTURE SOCIAL HISTORY	_1 _1 _	913 944	_1943 _1959			_1		
Significant Person(s):_D	r. Fra	nk T.	Simpso	n				
Cultural Affiliation:								
Architect/Builder: <u>W. Fo</u>	ster W	right	<u> </u>					
-								

State Significance of Property, and Justify Criteria, Criteria Considerations, and Areas and Periods of Significance Noted Above.

The Dr. Frank T. Simpson House is significant historically because Dr. Simpson played an important role in the development of civil rights in post-World War II Connecticut. (Criterion A) He was the first staff person of the first Inter-Racial Commission in the history of Connecticut. (Criterion B) The house is significant architecturally because it is a good example of pre-World War I Tudor Revival-style architecture, with Arts and Crafts overtones. (Criterion C)

## Dr. Frank T. Simpson's Contribution to the Civil Rights Movement

Dr. Frank T. Simpson (1907 - March 28, 1974) was born in Florence, Alabama. He graduated from Tougaloo College in Mississippi before coming to Hartford in 1929. Dr. Simpson held two master's degrees from the Hartford Seminary Foundation and an honorary doctorate from Benedict College, Columbia, South Carolina.

The first civil rights work that Simpson did in Hartford was as an employee of the Independent Social Worker, a North Hartford agency. On January 19, 1944, he became the

first paid staff person of the new Connecticut Inter-Racial Commission, which was one of the first state civil rights commissions in the country. (In 1951 the agency was replaced by the Connecticut Commission on Civil Rights, and in 1967 the name became the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities.) The Commission was established in 1943 by the General Assembly, House Bill 1361, sponsored by William H, Mortensen, later mayor of Hartford. Governor Raymond E. Baldwin appointed ten persons to serve as members. The chairman was the Reverend Walter H. Gray (later Rt. Rev. Walter H. Gray, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Connecticut). The Commission adopted as a policy the statement that "The Connecticut Inter-Racial Commission believes that the so called 'race problem' is not insoluble..." (Report of the Connecticut Inter-Racial Commission, September 8, 1944, p. 5) The budget for the first year was \$6,000.

The Commission in analyzing its task identified problem areas as follows:

- A. Race Tensions in Industrial Employment
- B. Race Tensions in Educational Opportunity
- C. Race Tensions Resulting from Inadequacy of Housing
- D. Race Frictions in Use of Public Facilities
- E. Rumors (malicious)

Experience under Problem Area B, Educational Opportunity, is illuminating. The Commission wrote to schools of nursing requesting "qualifications of admission to your school and if you accept Negro students for training." (1944 Report, page 14) Replies were received as follows:

Hartford Hospital - no response

Saint Francis Hospital, Hartford - Students are admitted without regard to creed or color provided they meet requirements for admission.

Meriden - Will take up the matter at the next meeting.

Middlesex Hospital, Middletown - "Negro students would be most unhappy in our set-up."

New Britain General - "Never admitted Negro students. There seems to be little need or demand for schools in Connecticut to admit colored students."

Waterbury - "It is the policy of the hospital not to accept colored students."

The foregoing statements can be considered in the context of Connecticut's 1940 census population which was:

Total - 1,709,242 White - 1,675,407 Negro - 32,992 Other - 843

Dr. Simpson continued with the Commission to 1959, by which time his title was Executive Secretary, and the annual expenditures were \$82,994.85. Over the years his accomplishments included the opening of a large construction union to black workers and the employment of the first black saleswomen by downtown Hartford department stores.

In 1960 Dr. Simpson became executive assistant to the State Welfare Commissioner. He traveled widely throughout the United States as a consultant to state governments and educational institutions, advocating desegregation. He was an active member of, or

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honored by, a number of groups, including the United Negro College Fund, Greater Hartford Inter-Racial Scholarship Committee, Hartford Housing Authority, National Scholarship Service and Fund for Negro Students, Lions Club of Hartford, Prince Hall Masonic Chapter of New England, Delta Sigma Theta Fraternity, Beta Sigma Dambda Chapter of Alpha Phi Alpha, Carpe Diem Fraternity, and Faith Congregational Church. The Waverly School, 55 Waverly Street, Hartford, was renamed the Frank T. Simpson School in his honor.

A prominent civil rights leader in Hartford and Connecticut in the post-World War II era, Dr. Simpson was instrumental in establishing the respected position of the civil rights commission in the community and state. He worked toward rational lowering of barriers in education, jobs, housing, and other vital areas as components of his significant contribution to the social history of the city and state.

#### Architecture

The Dr. Frank T. Simpson House displays the stucco building material and half-timbered gables typical of urban and suburban Tudor Revival-style houses which were popular in America in the first quarter of the 20th century. Sometimes called "Stock Broker Tudor," the style was fashionable for several decades. The Simpson House is a well-executed example, consistent throughout its details such as brackets, multiple gables, and half timbering.

The Arts and Crafts movement, which fostered interest in natural materials and individual workmanship, is also represented in the house's architecture. The exposed brick chimney and triangular brackets to support the roof overhang are exterior features in the mode, while on the interior the bay with bookshelf, simple but embellished window and door trim, brick fireplace surround, inglenook bench, and picket stair railing articulate the mode in a thorough fashion.

The house is in an exceptionally good state of preservation, having been well maintained but little altered since it was built.

The land in this neighborhood near Keney Park was bought by James M. Grant, who presumably saw an opportunity for real estate development prompted by creation of the new park. He laid out the lots for 2 1/2 square blocks. On June 5, 1912, Grant sold the parcel that was to become 27 Keney Terrace to W. Foster Wright with the condition that "for 18 years after June 5, 1912, no dwelling should be erected on said land other than a one or two family house at a cost for a one family house of not less than \$4500 and for a two family house of not less than \$6000." (Hartford Land Records, volume 378, page 123)

Hartford Building Permit Application 405, dated April 30, 1912, was filed by Wright "of Waterbury," as owner, for a dwelling to cost \$5000, with the spaces on the form for architect and builder regrettably left blank. But the Waterbury City Directory of 1913 lists W. Foster Wright as manager of Wright Building Company, carpenters and builders. So, presumably, Wright was the builder. The property changed hands several times before being purchased in 1952 by Frank T. and Marie A. Simpson. Mrs. Simpson continues to own and reside in the house.

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#### 9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Assessor, Hartford. Field card for 27 Keney Terrace.

Connecticut Inter-Racial Commission, Report of. September 8, 1944.

Hartford, City of. Building Permit Application 405, April 30, 1905.

Hartford Land Records, Volume 378, page 123, 383/438, 469/192, 497/605, 505/61, 691/204, 698/443, 889/594, 894/282, 1168/2345, 1472/255.

Simpson, Dr. Frank T. Obituary, Hartford Times, March 30, 1974, 4:1.

Simpson, Marie A. (Mrs. Frank T.). Interview, March 3, 1993.

Waterbury City Directory, 1913.

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

White, David O. "Frank Simpson," <u>Heroes</u>, Southern New England Telephone Company, 1986, p. 8.

	Preliminary Determination of Individual Listing (36 CFR 67) has
	been requested.
	Previously Listed in the National Register.
	Previously Determined Eligible by the National Register.
	Designated a National Historic Landmark.
	Recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey: #
	Recorded by Historic American Engineering Record: #
Prima	ary Location of Additional Data:
	State Historic Preservation Office
<u> </u>	Other State Agency, Connecticut State Library
	Federal Agency
	Local Government
	University
	Other: Specify Repository:

OMB 1024-0018

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# 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Acreage of Property: <u>Less than one</u>								
UTM	References:	Zone	Northing	Easting	Zone	Northing	Easting	
		A <u>18</u>	4628546	<u>692000</u>	В			
		C			р 			

Verbal Boundary Description:

The nominated property is described a Hartford Land Records, volume 1472, page 255.

Boundary Justification:

The boundary includes land that has gone with the house since it was built.

Dr. Frank T. Simpson House, Hartford, CT

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# 11. FORM PREPARED BY

David F. Ransom; edited by John F.A. Herzan, National Register Coordinator Name/Title:

Org.: Connecticut Historical Commission

May 26, 1993 Date:

59 South Prospect Street Street/#:

City/Town: Hartford

State: CT

ZIP: 06106

Telephone: 203 566-3005

#### **Photographs**

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Photographs were taken in March 1993 by David F. Ransom. Negatives are on file at th Connecticut Historical Commission.

Photograph 1 View southeast

Photograph 2 View southwest

Photograph 3 View northwest

Photograph 4
Detail of Photograph 3
Porch Opening
View northwest

Photograph 5
Detail of Photograph 3
Eaves at southeast corner
View southwest

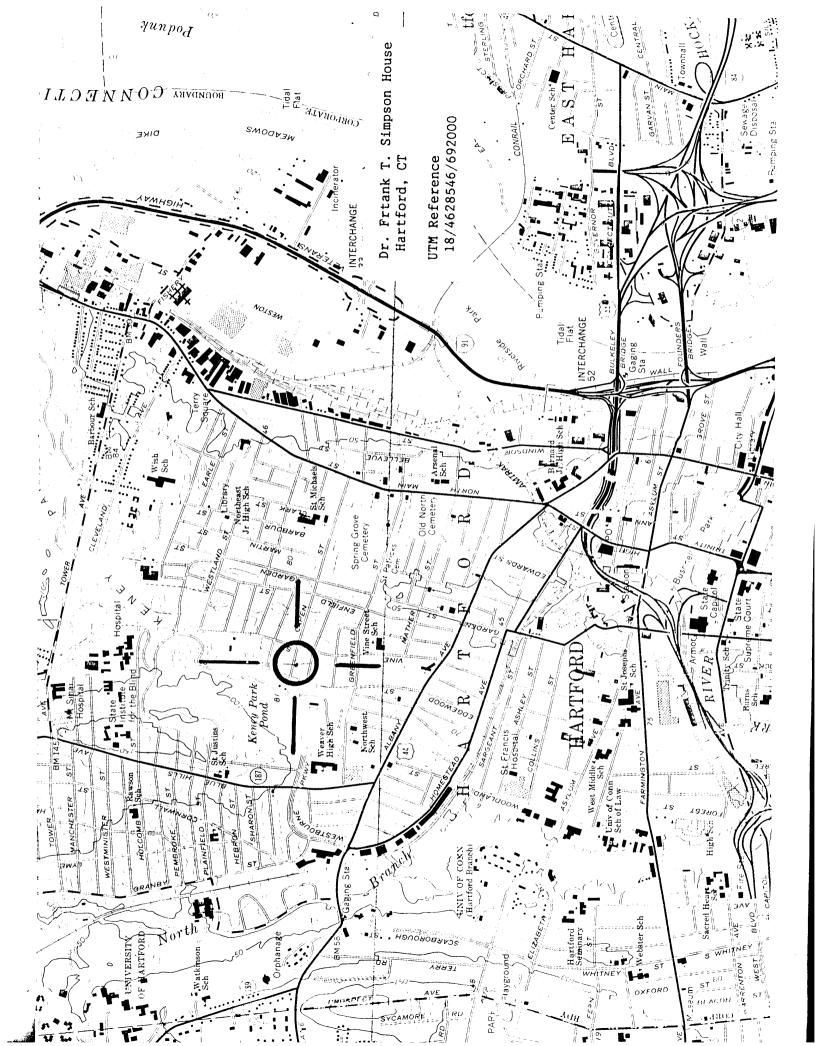
Photograph 6 View northeast

Photograph 7
Garage, view southwest

Photograph 8 Living Room View northeast

Photograph 9
Living room
View southwest

Photograph 10 Dining room View southeast



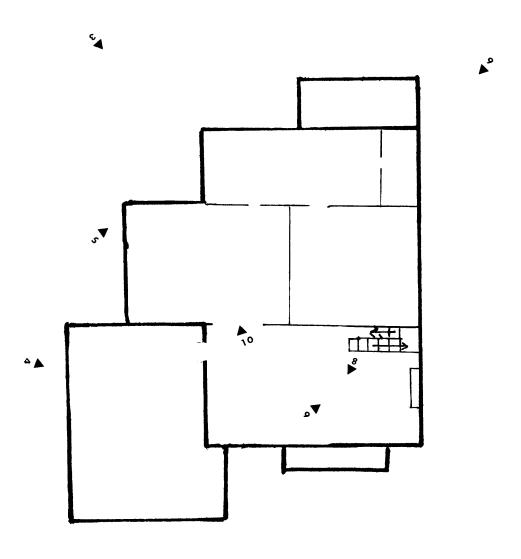


Figure 1

Dr. Frank T. Simpson House Hartford, CT

Scale: 1" = 10'

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